

Gard Installation Instructions

Description:

tGard provides a compact "Integrated Control & Safety System". Its modularity allows the configuration of electrical gate switches, mechanical trapped keys, simple machine control systems or combinations of all three.

Important:

tGard elements can be configured to produce many different functional products, which can be integrated into safety and / or machine control systems. As such tGard products and the systems they are part of need to be installed and commissioned by suitably competent and qualified personnel. whom have read and understood the whole of this document. prior to commencing the installation.

These installation instructions must be retained.

A risk assessment must be carried out before installation. This product is not to be used as a mains isolator. When a unit is added to any electrical installation, it must meet the requirements of the applicable local standards, (e.g. IEC or EN). All the voltages used within the tGard circuits must be derived from a safety extra low voltage power supply (SELV). Any modification or deviation from these instructions invalidates all warranties. Fortress Interlocks Ltd. accept no liability whatsoever for any situation arising from misuse or misapplication of this product.

Tools / Fixings / Cables Required:

2 x M5 Cap head screw (refer to mounting diagrams for

- 1 x Hex driver to suit M5 screws (3mm across flats).
- 1 x M5 T-Nut / tapped hole per fixing / M5 Nut Thread locking compound.
- 2 x M5 Nuts / tapped holes and screws per actuator. (Refer to mounting diagrams for screw lengths).
- M5 tap when fixing to a plate and not using nuts. 1 x Electrical (approx 3mm X 0.5mm) flat screwdriver
- (required when using self wiring option). Ø 5.5mm Drill (when fixing to plate with nuts) or Ø 4.2mm Drill (when tapping plate).

Functional checking:

The following checks must be made during system commissionina:

1. Check all safety functions;

Access to a guarded area is only granted when the machine's motive power is removed safely. Any E-Stop brings the machine to an Emergency stop.

- 2. Check that every electrical I/O element activates or indicates the machine controls as desired. Including machine cannot run with door open.
- If you have any questions or queries of any nature please contact the Fortress Distributor who will be pleased to advise and assist

Service and inspection:

Regular (minimum) weekly inspection of the following is necessary to ensure trouble-free, lasting operation:

- •Correct switching function
- ·Loose cable connections Material degradation
- ·Debris and accelerated wear
- Sealing Tampering
- Alignment.

Maintenance & Repair:

If any problems are discovered during inspection, individual elements or complete configurations can be replaced by Fortress, Any modifications must undergo a full commissioning test. tGard contains no user serviceable parts, within the elements. If lubrication of a head or mechanical lock is required use WD40. Do not use dry lubricant. The frequency of lubrication / cleaning will depend on the environment. Any mechanical element must be replaced after 1 Million operations. Illuminating element must be replaced after 100,000 hours that the lamp has been on for.

Environmental S	Specification Table 1
Ambient Temperature	0°C to 40°C
Max. Relative Humidy	93(+/-3)% without any dew on the device
Ingress Protection	IP65
Vibration	10-150Hz Amplitude 0.35mm 1 octave / per min, 20 cycles each axis
Shock	1/2 sine wave acceleration 10N duration 16mS, 1000 cycles in each axis

Protection Against Environmental Influences

A lasting and correct safety function requires that the unit be protected against the ingress of foreign bodies such as swarf, sand, blasting shot, etc. The unit is to be mounted away from the machine, or by the use of anti-vibration mountings, in order to avoid the effects of vibration, shock and bump.

Safety Data		
Standards	EN13849-1:2008 EN13849-2:2012 EN62061:2005 EN14119:2013	
Certifications	CE marked for all applicable direc	tives
Category	Cat. 3, PLe (EN/ISO 13849-1) and (EN/IEC 62061) Can be used as part of a PLe / Ca	
Functional Safety Data	B10d (for whole tGard device, which will contain multiple elements)	5,000,000

Disposal:

tGard does not contain any certified hazardous materials so should be disposed of as general waste and recycled wherever possible.

- Liability coverage is voided under the following conditions: ·If these instructions are not followed.
- Misapplication or use outside of recommended
- specifications in this sheet.
- •Non-compliance with safety regulations.
- Installation not carried out by competent personnel.
- Non-implementation of functional checks.
- Tampering.

Fortress Interlocks Ltd. reserves the right to modify the design at any time and without notice.

Override / Reset Key

DO NOT LEAVE OVERRIDE / RESET KEY IN PLACE! Always keep in a secure place, under management control. as it allows access to areas that may have a residual hazard, and may result in incorrect operation of some devices.

Mounting tGard:

1. Choose optimal mounting position:

tGard should be mounted in an environment within the specifications stated in Table 1.

The mounting location should also be away from, or protected against influences such as mechanical collision (door stop required), machine vibration, debris, direct sunlight and sources of electrical interference. Make sure that the gap around the perimeter of the guard, when closed (Safety Circuits Closed). does not exceed the limits specified in En13857 & En953. When used as a door / gate lock, the maximum, retention force is 2500N.

- 2. If the configuration incorporates a locking head and door actuator go to step 3 otherwise skip to step 4.
- 3. Remove 2 x Head screws and rotate the head into the desired orientation. Replace head screws and tighten to 2.0Nm





3.1. The TAF actuator suits internal mounting on frame-less doors. It can be used in all mounting positions, but brackets may be required.



3.2. The TAH actuator is designed to be utilised for hinged door applications, without the need for additional brackets.





3.3. The TAS actuator is designed to be utilised for sliding door applications, without the need for additional brackets.





3.4. A TAS can be converted into a TAH on site (and vice versa). Remove the two M3 screws that retain the actuator. (a special pin hex tool will be required to do this which can be purchased separately from Fortress). Remove the actuator and back plate spring. Replace actuator, back plate spring and M3 screws in new location. Use locktite on M3 screws.



for hinged door applications, without the need for additional brackets



3.6. TEH Handing

This unit can have the handing changed on site by following this procedure below: Remove the 3 x M3 pozi-drive screws retaining the silver.

- 2. Remove the handle, the rose plate that retains the handle
- and its associated drive coupler.
- 3. Repeat steps 1 & 2 for the silver knob ensuring the drive couplers are not mixed up (they must stay with their handle).
- 4. Refit the silver handle to the opposite side taking care to ensure that when the handle is horizontal the actuator is out.
- 5. Now refit the silver knob. Rotate the drive coupler 90° so that the silver knob can withdraw the actuator but cannot push the actuator back out. It is essential to use locktite on the 3 x M3 pozi-drive screws holding on the silver knob.

4. Prepare panel / door frame for mounting:

When plate mounting, the plate must be solid metal and a minimum thickness of 3mm.

4.1. For front of panel mounting

•For mounting to extruded aluminium frame position 1 off M5 T-nut (that are designed to suit the frame used).



•For plate mounting: drill Ø5.5 mm element & actuator fixing holes, if fixing with nuts or drill Ø4.2 mm fixing holes if tapping the plate (plate must be >6mm thick if tapping), as per drilling



4.2. When an Internal release element is incorporated in the stack a 10mm clearance hole must be drilled to accommodate the push release post at the back of the unit. To remove the red push button, pull down the spring away from the red push button and fit a 5mm spanner across the flats. You can now unscrew the red push button. Once the unit has been insterted through a 10mm hole the red push button should be refitted with locktite.

In applications where there is little support for the post (for example when fitted to flat plate guarding) it is recommended tha additional support is provided for the post to prevent it becoming damaged in the event of a sideway impact (with for example with a tool torlely). This is not necessary when the post passes through guarding material of 25mm or thicker (for example 40mm Aluminium extrude fecinicipy.

The unit should be installed so that it is not possible to reach the escape release button from outside the safeguarded area.

5. All screws must be securely fixed in place screws with thread locking compound (applied to female thread).

6. All fixings must be torque tightened to 2.5 Nm.

Trapped Key Systems

Where trapped keys are incorporated into the system, spare or master keys must be securely controlled.

Electrical connection tGard:

Make sure that the electrical supply is isolated prior to connecting to it.

Description:

tGard incorporates safety circuits and standard I/O in a single product. The safety circuits and control circuits (standard I/O) are separate through all of the element. There are a selection of different connection "base" elements that enable the connection of just the safety circuits, just control circuits or both the safety and the control circuits, in a variety of configurations.

Installation:

Check that the voltage of the machine's power supply (control circuits) is 24V DC (SELV) (to UL6950 & EN7671 & EN50178). **tGard** will work at +/-10% of the nominal supply voltage. The electrical system must incorporate circuit protection for the supply circuit, using a quick acting (F) device (rating 1.6A). **Electrical guidelines:**

Control element with inputs / outputs (I/O), such as pushbuttons / lamps / selector switches must be physically configured nearest the base. Table 2 shows how many I/O connections can be made using the different types of connector, and

Table 3 shows each core element I/O requirements.

Safety Circuit description and I/O allocation:

The safety circuits are made up of two, independent, normally closed (N/C) circuits. They are both closed when the machine is in operation. There are a number of element that can open these safety circuits. All of these element use positively guided, force disconnect contacts. Refer to table 4 for base element pin assignments. The safety circuits must be connected to a Safety Relay or PLC in accordance with the installation instructions of the manufacturer, to provide the safety function. The voltage on the safety circuits should always be SELV. Both safety circuits must include over-current protection, via 200mA fast blow fuses. Non-safety functions in core elements, such as push button and lamp elements operate with a common power supply.

A push button in the stack will have an output (from the stack) associated with it, whilst a Lamp in the stack will have an Input to the stack to drive it. The I/O pins on the connector are sel to either Inputs or Outputs, depending on the elements used on the stack. Please note that an external monitor has to perform a diagnostic function (compare both channels), in order to fulfill the safety requirements of CAT. 4/PLe and SIL 3.

	Switch Ratings	
at	Safety Switches	DC13: Le=0.5A, Ue=24V DC AC15: Le=1A, Ue= 24V AC
n	Monitoring Switches	DC13: Le=0.5A, Ue=24V DC
	Push Buttons	Max operating current 100mA & 24V

Pin Assignment

A. Input / Output (Control)

I/O are assigned starting at the physically lowest element (i.e. the element nearest the base) first. Working with the first element the Input (e.g. lamp) is assigned first followed by the output (e.g. button). Once all inputs & outputs have been assigned for an element (using the first available I/O) the process continues for the next element in the configuration (working its way towards the head). For elements with multiple I/O, Table 3 (overleaf) shows which is assigned first.

B. Safety Circuits

The hierarchy for Safety Circuits is:

- 1. Head Safety Circuits (TSM element)
- Solenoid Safety Circuits (when they are independent as in a FU or FL element).
- E-Stop Safety Circuits (when they are independent as in a TET / TEP/ TEM / TEI).
- When "series" e-stops are used (TEC/TEW/TED/TEV) these are wired in series with the TSS circuits.

Table 2	. (I/O relative to t	Gard)			
Part No.	Туре	QD C	onnector	Safety	Max No. I/O
TQ1	QD	5 Pin	M12	Yes	0
TQ2	QD	8 Pin	M12	No	5
TQ3	QD	8 Pin	M12	Yes	1
TQ4	QD	12 Pin	M23	No	9
TQ5	QD	12 Pin	M23	Yes	5
TQ7	QD	14 Pin	7/8" UN2	Yes	7
TQ8	QD	19 Pin	M23	Yes	12
TQ9	QD	19 Pin	M23	Yes x 2	8
TW1	Selfwire	12 Te	erminals	Yes	6
TW3	Selfwire	24 Te	erminals	Yes x 2	14
TW4	Selfwire	24 Te	erminals	Yes x 6	10

AS-i introduction

The TEBB4 and TEBB8 base modules allow you to connect all of the features of tGard to an AS-1 bus. The tGard stack will be a slave and must be connected as part of a complete AS-1 (for control only) or AS-1 Safety at Work (if it includes safety elements) network; full details of the network requirements can be found at http://www.as-interface.com/knowledge-base. The tGard slave, with the complete AS-i network, allows the controller to set bits in the AS-i master to drive stack inputs and read bits in the AS-i master that represent the state of stack outputs. The safety nodes monitor the two contacts of a safety element; when appropriate the node transmits a unique, rolling pattern of 8. 4 bit numbers. An AS-i Safety Monitor on the network can be configured to check the pattern from safety slaves and out an output in to the safe state when the codes

Previous sections of this manual are relevant to AS-i stacks; the following sections give additional information relevant only to AS-i connected stacks

AS-i Addressing

are not correctly received.

A TEB84 can use up to 2 AS-i addresses; 1 control and 1 safety. TEB86 can use up to 4 addresses; 2 control and 2 safety. TEB86 can use up to 4 addresses, the AS-i base module will be configured for the required stack so only the required nodes are seen on the bus. The control node uses extended addressing allowing up to 64 addresses on one bus; all safety nodes use standard addressing.

When delivered each node in the stack will have been assigned incrementing addresses, starting at 0. The safety nodes will be assigned first according to the precedence as described in 'Pin Assignment' section 'B. Safety Circuits'. The control nodes will then be assigned addresses, the lowest address corresponding to the control elements nearest the base module.

The nodes are addressed via the AS-I network interface. Oes an external programming device to set the required addresses. Please note it is not necessary to connect the Aux supply whilst addressing the unit. NEVER SET NODES IN THE SAME STACK TO THE SAME ADDRESS. Contact your local Fortress representative if this is done.

AS-i Profiles				
	Ю	ID	ID1	ID2
Safety	7	В	-	F
I/O	7	А	7	7

AS-i Electrical Specific	ations
AS-i Current	≤135mA
AS-i Supply	26.5 - 31.6V
Aux Current	≤400mA
Aux Supply	24V +/- 10% (PELV or SELV)

Note: The Aux supply is only required when a solenoid lock is included in the stack.

AS-i bit assignment

Each control node can has up to 4 inputs and 4 outputs. The bits will be allocated as per the hardwired tGard stack; outputs from the stack will be represented by bits DID-DI3, inputs to the stack will be represented by DOD-DO3. Allocation will start with bit 0 of the lowest addressed control node, when all input or output bits have been used on that node, allocation will continue with the next addressed control node.

The solenoid lock, when included in the stack, will always be controlled by DO0 of address 0 (the safety node associated with the safety switches element).

Setting the DO bit will drive 24V into the tGard input.
A 24V output from the tGard stack will cause the relevant DI bit to be set.
Each safety node transmits its safety codes on DI0-DI3:

DIO and DI1 represent the first safety circuit, DI2 and DI3 represent the second safety circuit in the corresponding tCard element. Both bits will be 0 when the safety circuit is open. If monitoring the state of safety switches from an AS-I master, please note, valid safety codes include values where a single pair of the bits is both 0.

Pins										
Part No.	TQ1	TEBB4 / 8	TQ2	TQ3	TQ4	TQ5	TQ7	TQ8	TQ9	
Number of Pins	5	5	8	8	12	12	14	19	19	
Connector Size	M12	M12	M12	M12	M23	M23	7/8" UN2	M23	M23	ment
# of Safety Circuits	2	-	0	2	0	2	2	2	4	Pin Assignment
# of Control I/O	0	-	5	1	9	5	7	12	8	ig
	SC 1	AS-i+	I/O 0	SC 1	+24v	+ 24v	I/O 3	SC 1	SC 1	1
	SC 2	Aux -	+24v	+24v	I/O 0	SC 1	I/O 2	SC 2	SC 2	2
	SC 1	AS-i -	Earth	Earth	0 v	0 v	I/O 1	SC 1	SC 1	3
	SC 2	Aux +	I/O 1	SC 2	I/O 1	SC 2	+ 24v	SC 2	SC 2	4
	Earth	Earth	I/O 2	SC 1	I/O 2	SC 1	SC 2	I/O 0	I/O 0	
			I/O 3	SC 2	I/O 3	SC 2	0 v	0 v	0 v	6
			0v	0 v	I/O 4	VO 0	I/O 6	I/O 1	I/O 1	7
			I/O 4	VO 0	I/O 5	VO 1	I/O 5	I/O 2	I/O 2	8
					I/O 6	I/O 2	I/O 4	I/O 3	I/O 3	9
					1/0 7	I/O 3	SC 1	I/O 4	I/O 4	1
					I/O 8	I/O 4	I/O 0	I/O 5	I/O 5	1
					Earth	Earth	SC 2	Earth	Earth	1:
							SC 1	I/O 6	I/O 6	1:
							Earth	I/O 7	1/0 7	1-
								I/O 8	SC 3	1:
								I/O 9	SC 4	1
Key SC = Safety Circuit								I/O 10	SC 3	1
I/O = Input or Output QD = Quick Disconnect								I/O 11	SC 4	1
(connector at base)								+24v	+24v	19











TQ1 / TEBB4 /8	TQ2/3	TQ4/5	TQ7	TQ8/9
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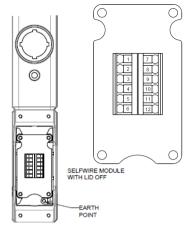
Pins				
Part No.	TW1	TW3	TW4	
Number of Pins	12 + Earth	24 + Earth	24 + Earth	
No.of Safety Circuits	2	4	6	Pin Assignment
No. of Control I/O	6	14	10	Pin As:
	+ 24v	+ 24v	+ 24v	1
	0v	0v	0v	2
	SC 1	SC 1	SC 1	3
	SC 2	SC 2	SC 2	4
	SC 1	SC 1	SC 1	5
	SC 2	SC 2	SC 2	6
	I/O 0	I/O 0	1/0 0	7
	I/O 1	I/O 1	I/O 1	8
	I/O 2	I/O 2	1/0 2	9
	I/O 3	I/O 3	1/0 3	10
	I/O 4	I/O 4	1/0 4	11
	I/O 5	I/O 5	1/0 5	12
		I/O 6	1/0 6	13
		I/O 7	1/0 7	14
		I/O 8	1/0 8	15
		I/O 9	I/O 9	16
		I/O 10	SC 5	17
		I/O 11	SC 6	18
		I/O 12	SC 5	19
		I/O 13	SC 6	20
		SC 3	SC 3	21
		SC 4	SC 4	22
		SC 3	SC 3	23
		SC 4	SC 4	24

Earth

Earth

Earth

Selfwire 12 Way - Pin Assignment - TW1



Selfwire 24 Way - Pin Assignment - TW3 & TW4

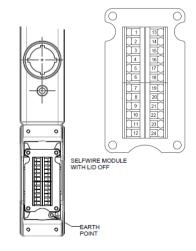


Table 6. Quid	k Disc	onnec	t Matino	Cable	Pin Ass	signme	nts											
Part No.		CableM-TQ1				Cable_M-TQ2/TQ3				Cable_M-TQ4 / TQ5			CableM-TQ7				CableM-TQ8 / TQ9	
No. Pins		5				8				12			14				19	
Connector		M12				И12			N	123		1	IN SIZ	ΕI			M23	
Pin#	Wire C	olour	TQ1 Function	Wire	Colour	TQ2 Function	TQ3 Function	Wire C	olour	TQ4 Function	TQ5 Function	Wire C	olour	TQ7 Function	Wire C	olour	TQ8 Function	601
1	Brown	•	SC1 in	White	. 0	1/0 0	SC1 in	Brown	•	+24v	+24v	Grey / Pink	•	1/0 3	Violet	•	SC1 in	SC1
2	White	0	SC2 in	Brow		+24v	+24v	Brown/ White	8	1/0 0	SC1 in	White / Green	0	1/0 2	Red	•	SC2 in	SC2
3	Blue	•	SC1 out	Gree	, •	Earth	Earth	Blue	•	Ov	0v	White / Yellow	8	I/O 1	Grey	•	SC1 out	SC1
4	Black	•	SC2 out	Yello	v O	I/O 1	SC2 in	White	0	I/O 1	SC2 in	Brown	•	+24v	Red/ Blue	•	SC2 out	SC2
5	Grey	•	Earth	Grey		1/0 2	SC1 out	Green	•	1/0 2	SC1 out	Brown / Yellow	•	SC2 in	Green	•	1/0 0	I/O
6				Pink	•	1/0 3	SC2 out	Yellow	0	1/0 3	SC2 out	Blue	•	0v	Blue	•	0v	0v
7				Blue	•	Ov	Ov	Grey	•	1/0 4	1/0 0	Yellow	0	1/0 6	Grey/ Pink	•	I/O 1	1/0
8				Red	•	I/O 4	1/0 0	Pink		1/0 5	I/O 1	Green	•	1/0 5	White/ Green	0	1/0 2	I/O
9								Red	•	1/0 6	1/0 2	Pink		I/O 4	White/ Yellow	0	I/O 3	1/0
10								Black	•	1/0 7	1/0 3	White	0	SC1 in	White/ Grey	0	I/O 4	1/0
11								Violet	•	1/0 8	1/0 4	Red / Blue	•	1/0 0	Black	•	I/O 5	1/0
12								Green/ Yellow	•	Earth	Earth	Brown / Green	•	SC2 out	Green/ Yellow	•	Earth	Eart
13												Grey	•	SC1 out	Yellow/ Brown	8	I/O 6	I/O
14												Red	•	Earth	Brown/ Green	•	1/0 7	I/O
15															White	0	I/O 8	SC3
16															Yellow	0	I/O 9	SC4
17															Pink		I/O 10	SC3 d
18															Grey/	2	1/0 11	SC4 d
19															Brown		+24v	+24
															Brown	•	+24v	+24

Part No.	Pin Heads
CableM-TQ1	
CableM-TQ2 / TQ3	2 8 3 48 01 @ 48 0 6 6
Cable_M-TQ4 / TQ5	1 9 8 2 10 12 7 3 11 6 4 5
CableM-TQ7	4 5 6 3 12 13 7 2 11 14 8 1 10 9
Cable_M-TQ8 / TQ9	1 12 11 2 13 10 10 3 13 19 10 4 15 8 5 6 7

Step	Area	Part No	Element	Extra Info		- :	Number of "Bays" Used	tGard Input ()	tGard Output (0)	Order Assigned	Element operates on safety circuits
		тағ тан	Fixed Actuator Hinged Actuator				0	0	0		No No
-	Actuators		Sliding Actuator Handle - Blank (no Actuator)				0 0	0	0 0		O N
			Handle Actuator (No red handle) Handle Actuator				0	0	0 0		N ON
			Cap				0	0	0		o N
,	1		Head + Fixed Actuator						>		2
			Head + Sliding Actuator			Ħ					
			Head + Handle Actuator (No red nandle) Head + Handle Actuator				0	0	0		No
ဗ			Standard 60mm Internal Release Variable Length Internal Release				1	0 0	0 0		0 N
4			Standard Safety Lock (No Key) Master Safety Lock (No Key)				1 (per lock)	0	0		N N
2	Access Lock		Standard Access Lock (No Key) Master Access Lock (No Key)				1 (per lock) 1 (per lock)	0	0 0		No No
			Safety Switch Safety Switch (No Monitor or LED)					0	1 0		Yes x 2 Yes x 2
			ention force			cked		0			
9	Safety Switches		pic			cked				Input to tGard stack (to operate solenoid) assigned	
	lenoids		pid			ked	2	Ħ		first, then output from	
			Safety Switch & Solehold Safety Switch & Solehold Safety Switch & Solehold	PTL Option 2	on 2 Ov = locked	ked				finally output from TSM	Yes x 2
					annel 24v = lo	ocked		c	2	(2000)	Yes x 4
					Series W	Viring		000	0 -		Yes x2 (Series)
7	e-Stops	TEV TEV			Illuminated Series W	Wiring		0 4 0	00		Yes x2 (Series)
		TEP	E-Stop E-Stop		Monitored Indi Wiring	ing in		0 0	0 1		Yesx 2 Yesx 2
	à	TEI TSR	-Start Switch		inated Indi Wir	ring		1	0		Yes x 2 Yes 1NO/1NC
6	Blank	TS3 TEB	Green Re-Start Switch Blank (To allow expansion in future)					0	0		Yes 1NO/1NC No
		TP1 TP2		Red Illum Yellow Illum	inated			1 1			No No
		TP6		Blue Illum	inated						0 0 Z
		TG1 TG2	1		inated Protrud	guil					2 2 2
		TG3	1		inated Protrud	9 19 19					2 2 2
		TG7	1 1		inated Protrud	guil g				Input to tGard stack (LED) assigned first	0 N
		TJ2 TJ3		Yellow Illumi Green Illumi	Illuminated Latching	0 00 00					0 N
		7.16 7.17	·		inated Latching	p0 pr					8 N
		TU1 TU2	1 1		inated Volt Fre	9 9			2		0 N
		TU3 TU6	·		inated Volt Fre	9, 9,			2		2 2
		TU7 TP8	1 NO Push Buttons		inated Volt Fre	9		1 0	2	,	2 2
		TPR		Red				0 0			ON ON
		TPW	1	White				0			o N
		TPZ TGB		Blue	Protrudi	ling		0			N N
		TGR TGG		Red Green	Protrud Protrudi	ding		0 0			o o
		TGY		White	Protrud	g ing		0 0			O NO
		TGZ TMB		Black	Mushroom	ging moo		0 0			0 N 2
		TUR		Black	Volt Fre	2 2		0	2		0 N
5	Control	TUG		Green	Volt Fre Volt Fre	9. 9.		0 0	2		o N N
,		TUY		Yellow Blue	Volt Fre Volt Fre	9. 9.		0 0	2		o N N
		TXB		Black				0 0	2		o N
		TXG	1 NO & 1 NC Non-Illuminating Pushbuttons	Green				0 0	2		O O
		TXY		Yellow				0	2		o N
		TSZ TLB	1 NO & 1 NC Blue Independantly Wired Switch	Blue					2		0 N
		TLG TLR	LED Lamp	Green					0		0 N
		TLW		White					0 0		
		T2E T2F		I	uninated					Input to tGard stack (LED)	2 2 2
		T2A	-2 Position Selector Switch	Latching		H		0		0	
		TK1	1	Latching	Key			000			2 2 2
		T2V	1 NO & 1 NC 2 Position Selector Switch	Latching	vey			000	7 7		
		T3D	1		poteni			0 -	2	assigned first	
		13E	—3 Position Selector Key Switch		illuminated				2	by Clockwise output	
		TK7		Latching			н	0	2	Clockwise output assigned first	ON
									·	first.	
		T3H	3 Position Selector Switch	Momentary / Latchir	gu		н	T	2	momentary, normally	_S
										open Anti-clockwise - 90* latching. normally closed.	
			-							individually wired. Input - Wiper. Clockwise	
			בובו	TOV III Gebeurgering			۰ 0	0	7	End assign first	
		TQ1 TQ2	90 00	5 Pin M12 8 Pin M12			0	2 21	0 5		Yes
				8 Pin M12 12 Pin M23			0 0		1 9		Yes x 2 No
٠,				12 Pin M23 14 Pin 7/8" UN2			0 0		5 7		Yes x 2 Yes x 2
:	aspq			19 Pin M23 19 Pin M23			0		12		Yes x 2 Yes x 2
				12 Terminals 24 Terminals			0		6.4		Yes x 2
				24 Terminals 5 Pin M12			0 +	4	10		Yes x 6
			1	5 Pin M12			- 0	8	8		Yes x 4
12	Keys		Key Standard Key Master			\dagger	> 0		0	0	N O
13	ates		Legend Plates for Control Elements			_	c			c	1

